## Glossary

Row	Idiom	Description
1	Applicant	Natural or legal person who has requested the establishment and sewage or a change in the diameter of the branch and the request has not been done yet.
2	Common	Natural or legal person whose branch or branches (water or accordance with the regulations.
3	Company	Urban and rural water and sewage company, which is estable with the relevant laws and operates for all or part of the supplies well as the collection, transfer and treatment of wastewater and Provides the required services of water and sewage.
4	Water supply and extraction	All operations related to the operation of facilities and equipm wells, springs, canals and water abstraction from surface sour facilities from rivers and dams) as well as the operation of treand service tanks and transmission lines to the beginning of network to supply water, which facilities generally belong to the company.
5	Public water distribution network	All facilities, equipment and water distribution, such as storage distribution, as well as pumps inside the network, which are very
6	Dedicated water supply line	Installations and lines created in the distance between the exthe beginning of the branch pipe (the place of installation of t and other accessories, are called special water supply lines.
7	Water branching	The part of the water sub-pipe whose cross section is consider the capacity of the common water branch, and finally the prival distribution network (from the installation of the branch valve) the meter) Connects, including pipes and related fittings to the branch and belongs to the company.
8	Shared water facilities and equipment	Water installations and equipment as well as the piping syste subscribers after the point of delivery (meter installation locat equipment and belong to the subscriber or subscribers.
9	Measuring instruments	Meters or meters and other accessories and all relevant devi the point of delivery in accordance with the contract in order to volume of water. These devices are all owned and owned by location is determined by the company in all cases.
10	Public network for wastewater collection and transfer	All facilities and equipment related to wastewater collection a establishment of public sub-networks and main collectors to inside the wastewater network, which is wholly owned by the
11	Wastewater treatment and disposal	All operations related to the operation of facilities and equipment and disposal, such as treatment plants, pump houses and vatreatment processes, chlorination facilities, canals or wastew point.
12	Dedicated sewer connection line	Installations and lines created in the distance of the existing the junction of the sewer branch pipe, including pipes and othe dedicated sewer connection line.

13	Sewage diversion	The part of the sewer sub-pipe whose cross section is proportional capacity and transfers the common sewage from the siphon
		the general sewage collection network (including the pipe an siphon). , Is called sewage diversion (connection) and belong
14	Common sewage facilities and equipment	All facilities and facilities related to wastewater collection and pump house, etc., and possible pre-treatment facilities before are created by the subscriber or subscribers, are called joint Belongs to the subscriber or subscribers.
15	Water or sewage delivery point	The point where the company's facilities are connected to the measuring and control devices are installed. Generally, the water meter is installed and the sewage delivery point is siphon is installed.
16	Contract for establishing a branch	A contract concluded between the company and the applicar which a water or sewage branch is established.
17	Water services	Availability and availability of water collection and use from the branch and measuring devices (meters), with a specific caparappropriate quality (at the point of delivery), whether the suberton to the definition of the definition of the definition of the public and Planning Organization entitled "Principles and criteria for with the opinion of the company's technical committee (consideranches and technical office experts) are determined for each of the company's technical determined for each of the company's technical committee (consideranches and technical office experts) are determined for each office experts.
18	Sewage services	Providing the possibility of discharging and disposing of was collection network in proportion to the water consumption an specifications agreed in the contract for establishing a waste the subscriber uses this capacity or not.
19	Contractual capacity	The contracted capacity of water diversion is the volume of volume and the subscriber is allowed to consume to this extended month. This capacity is determined in residential units as concriteria and For other uses (non-home) based on the request there are technical facilities to participate in the framework of per month is determined.  Contractual capacity of sewage branch is the capacity of the of effluent with the specifications determined by the company consumption, whether from urban and rural water network or month, with mention The amount of contamination load is de
20	Types of water and sewage branches	Types of water and sewage diversions, the type of use is as A) Diversion of water and domestic sewage: Diversion of war refers to the diversions that are established only within the negative sanitation or disposal of domestic wastewater in residential to An urban housing unit is a place to live that, at the discretion room, a kitchen and a service, and its entrance is independe and its plumbing system is separate. Is a company.  B) Subsidiary water and sewage diversion: These tributaries blocks and residential building complexes and residential and other tributaries (such as water and sewage tributaries of pull the parking lot and engine room of complexes and collective like.  C) Public utility diversion: Public utility water and sewage divused for non-profit public services (mentioned in the tariff).

21	Types of water and sewage branches	D) Green space branch: Green space water branch refers to the relevant operators to supply water to public green spaces squares, squares, boulevards or side streets, and are establi regulations  E) Production branching: Production branching refers to the lexploit industries, factories, mining, agricultural industries to products in workshops (such as poultry farming, silkworm breand production classes are used. Production wastewater diversed to collect and dispose of wastewater in factories, factoric production classes after pre-treatment and the quality of was level. At the connection to the network, sewage collection is estandards.  F) Branch of commercial uses: refers to the branches that are of business and trade. In addition, the costs of branches that provisions of this paragraph are subject to commercial tariffs are traded and any place where commercial activities and the (mentioned in the tariff) take place are considered commercial G) Temporary water and sewage branch: It is a branch that is of establishing a branch for any activity that is done only for a The diameter of the water and sewage branch of the subscribbased on the contractual capacity of the branch within the fra
	Jewage Maneries	Companies are notified based on the guide table.
22	Operation license for water and sewage diversion	After implementing all the provisions of the contract and esta of the company to issue an exploitation license in which infor type of use, contract capacity, branch diameter, amount of ar amount Permitted load of sewage entering the public sewer rand possible changes in the branch is listed, action and prov