

Glossary

Published on Lorestan Water and Wastewater Company (<https://en.abfa-lorestan.ir>)

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Row	Idiom	Description
1	Applicant	Natural or legal person who has requested the establishment and sewage or a change in the diameter of the branch and the request has not been done yet.
2	Common	Natural or legal person whose branch or branches (water or sewage) are established in accordance with the regulations.
3	Company	Urban and rural water and sewage company, which is established in accordance with the relevant laws and operates for all or part of the supply and service as well as the collection, transfer and treatment of wastewater and Provides the required services of water and sewage.
4	Water supply and extraction	All operations related to the operation of facilities and equipment (wells, springs, canals and water abstraction from surface sources and facilities from rivers and dams) as well as the operation of treatment and service tanks and transmission lines to the beginning of the distribution network to supply water, which facilities generally belong to the company.
5	Public water distribution network	All facilities, equipment and water distribution, such as storage tanks, distribution, as well as pumps inside the network, which are used for the distribution of water to subscribers.
6	Dedicated water supply line	Installations and lines created in the distance between the existing network and the beginning of the branch pipe (the place of installation of the branch valve and other accessories, are called special water supply lines.
7	Water branching	The part of the water sub-pipe whose cross section is considered as a separate branch, the capacity of the common water branch, and finally the private distribution network (from the installation of the branch valve) to the subscriber (the meter) Connects, including pipes and related fittings to the existing network and belongs to the company. .
8	Shared water facilities and equipment	Water installations and equipment as well as the piping system between the company and subscribers after the point of delivery (meter installation location) and equipment and belong to the subscriber or subscribers.
9	Measuring instruments	Meters or meters and other accessories and all relevant devices used for measuring the volume of water at the point of delivery in accordance with the contract in order to determine the volume of water. These devices are all owned and owned by the company and the location is determined by the company in all cases.
10	Public network for wastewater collection and transfer	All facilities and equipment related to wastewater collection and transfer, including the establishment of public sub-networks and main collectors to the beginning of the main collector inside the wastewater network, which is wholly owned by the company.
11	Wastewater treatment and disposal	All operations related to the operation of facilities and equipment for wastewater treatment and disposal, such as treatment plants, pump houses and various treatment processes, chlorination facilities, canals or wastewater treatment plants.
12	Dedicated sewer connection line	Installations and lines created in the distance of the existing network from the junction of the sewer branch pipe, including pipes and other accessories, are called dedicated sewer connection line.

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13	Sewage diversion	The part of the sewer sub-pipe whose cross section is proportional to its capacity and transfers the common sewage from the siphon to the general sewage collection network (including the pipe and siphon). , Is called sewage diversion (connection) and belongs to the subscriber or subscribers.
14	Common sewage facilities and equipment	All facilities and facilities related to wastewater collection and treatment, such as pump house, etc., and possible pre-treatment facilities before entering the sewer network, are created by the subscriber or subscribers, are called joint facilities. Belongs to the subscriber or subscribers.
15	Water or sewage delivery point	The point where the company's facilities are connected to the subscriber's facilities. Generally, the water meter and measuring and control devices are installed. Generally, the water meter is installed and the sewage delivery point is the siphon is installed.
16	Contract for establishing a branch	A contract concluded between the company and the applicant for establishing a branch in which a water or sewage branch is established.
17	Water services	Availability and availability of water collection and use from the branch and measuring devices (meters), with a specific capacity and appropriate quality (at the point of delivery), whether the subscriber is a residential unit or not. * Conventional water network pressure according to the definition of the National Standard Organization and Planning Organization entitled "Principles and criteria for water supply network design" with the opinion of the company's technical committee (considering the conditions of the branches and technical office experts) are determined for each branch.
18	Sewage services	Providing the possibility of discharging and disposing of wastewater in the sewer collection network in proportion to the water consumption and the capacity of the sewer network and specifications agreed in the contract for establishing a wastewater branch, whether the subscriber uses this capacity or not.
19	Contractual capacity	The contracted capacity of water diversion is the volume of water that the subscriber is allowed to consume to this extent in a month. This capacity is determined in residential units as contractual capacity and For other uses (non-home) based on the request of the subscriber, there are technical facilities to participate in the framework of the contract and the amount of water per month is determined. Contractual capacity of sewage branch is the capacity of the sewer network to receive the effluent with the specifications determined by the company, whether from urban and rural water network or not, per month, with mention The amount of contamination load is determined.
20	Types of water and sewage branches	Types of water and sewage diversions, the type of use is as follows: A) Diversion of water and domestic sewage: Diversion of water and sewage refers to the diversions that are established only within the neighborhood for the sanitation or disposal of domestic wastewater in residential units. An urban housing unit is a place to live that, at the discretion of the subscriber, has a bedroom, a kitchen and a service, and its entrance is independent of the main entrance and its plumbing system is separate. Is a company. B) Subsidiary water and sewage diversion: These tributaries are established in blocks and residential building complexes and residential and commercial buildings and other tributaries (such as water and sewage tributaries of public buildings, the parking lot and engine room of complexes and collective buildings, etc.) like. C) Public utility diversion: Public utility water and sewage diversion is established for non-profit public services (mentioned in the tariff).

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		<p>D) Green space branch: Green space water branch refers to the relevant operators to supply water to public green spaces squares, squares, boulevards or side streets, and are established regulations. .</p> <p>E) Production branching: Production branching refers to the exploit industries, factories, mining, agricultural industries to products in workshops (such as poultry farming, silkworm breeding and production classes are used. Production wastewater diversion used to collect and dispose of wastewater in factories, factories production classes after pre-treatment and the quality of wastewater level. At the connection to the network, sewage collection is based on standards.</p> <p>F) Branch of commercial uses: refers to the branches that are of business and trade. In addition, the costs of branches that provisions of this paragraph are subject to commercial tariffs are traded and any place where commercial activities and the (mentioned in the tariff) take place are considered commercial.</p> <p>G) Temporary water and sewage branch: It is a branch that is of establishing a branch for any activity that is done only for a</p>
21	Types of water and sewage branches	The diameter of the water and sewage branch of the subscriber based on the contractual capacity of the branch within the framework Companies are notified based on the guide table.
22	Operation license for water and sewage diversion	After implementing all the provisions of the contract and establishment of the company to issue an exploitation license in which information type of use, contract capacity, branch diameter, amount of amount Permitted load of sewage entering the public sewer network and possible changes in the branch is listed, action and provisions